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MARSMALESS

## FOR FALL PLANTING

W. E. MARSHALL \& CO.

146 WEST 23rd ST., NEW YORK

# MARSHALL'S COLLECTION OF CHOICE BULBS <br> INDOOR COLLECTION OF BULBS 

50 Bulbs for 50 Cents for Pots and Winter Flowering

| 12 Jonquils, Campernelle | 12 Freesia refracta alba | 3 Narcissus, Paper White |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 Hyacinths, 3 colors | 4 Tulips, Single Scarlet | 3 Narcissus, Trumpet Major |
| 3 White Roman Hyacinths | 4 Tulips, Double White | 6 Oxalis, Buttercup |

If ordered by mail, add 20 Cents extra for postage
HARDY COLLECTION OF BULBS
50 Bulbs for 50 Cents for Outside Planting

2 Hyacinths, Red
2 Hyacinths, White
2 Hyacinths, Blue

10 Snowdrops
6 Narcissus, Single
6 Tulips, Single Mixed
6 Narcissus, Double
10 Crocusses, Mixed Colors

If ordered by mail, add 20 Cents extra for postage

# COLLECTION OF BULBS FOR HOUSE CULTURE 

Price, $\$ 2.50$

6 White Roman Hyacinths
6 Fine Named Dutch Hyacinths
6 Fine Mixed Dutch Hyacinths
12 Fine Mixed Single Tulips
12 Fine Mixed Double Tulips
30 Mixed Crocus
6 Polyanthus Narcissus

6 Trumpet Narcissus, Princeps
6 Double Narcissus, Von Sion
6 Poet's Narcissus
12 Mixed Spanish Iris
6 Campernelle Jonquils
6 Scilla Sibirica
6 Freesia refracta alba

## COLLECTION OF HARDY BULBS FOR OUTDOOR CULTURE

Price, $\$ 2.00$

6 Mixed Single Red Hyacinths
6 Mixed Single Blue Hyacinths
6 Mixed Single White Hyacinths
24 Mixed Early Tulips
50 Mixed Crocus

6 Scilla Sibirica
12 Spanish Tris
6 Double White Narcissus
6 Butter-and-Egg Narcissus
6 Snowdrops

## LOCATION OF OUR STORE.

Our store, No. 146 West 23rd Street, is situated between Sixth and Seventh Avenues.

Out of town customers can reach us by the Penn. or Long Island R. R. from the 33rd Street station by the Seventh Ave. surface car to 23rd Street. By the Erie, D. L. \& W. or Penn. R. R. by the Hudson Tunnels to 23 rd Street and Sixth Avenue.

## W. E. MARSHALL \& CO.

## Marshall's Matchless Bulbs

TO succeed with bulbs it is necessary to begin right, by getting sound bulbs of good size, and we would warn intending purchasers against buying cheap, undersized bulbs and expect the fine results obtained from such as we offer. Our sources of supply are the best in the country and abroad.


Exhibition Hyacinth.

## Marshall's Exhibition Bulbs.

We have made arrangements with our Holland grower to secure an exceptionally fine selection of Hyacinths, Tulips and Narcissus bulbs of the best exhibition varieties which will be suitable for competition at the National Flower Show to be held in New York April 5 to 12, 1913.

Bulbs of this size and quality have not been offered before for sale in this country.

We advise ordering early to secure this selection.

## Hyacinths

POT CULTURE.-Plantings may be made at any time from September to December, though October is the best time. A light, rich soil, with a mixture of well-rotted cow or sheep manure, is most suitable. Use a 4- or 5 -inch pot, and have the top of the bulb just above the surface. After potting, give a good watering and set away in a cool cellar or outhouse, and cover over with coalashes or some litter until thoroughly rooted; they may then be brought as wanted for a succession of flowers into a moderately warm, light room.

CULTURE IN GLASSES.-When it is desired to grow Hyacinths in water, they should be placed so that the base of the bulb merely touches the water. The glasses should then be set in a cool, dark closet, or in the cellar, until filled with roots, when they may be brought into the light. Give as much fresh air as possible without letting the plants stand in a draught, and as nearly as possible at a temperature of $60^{\circ}$ until the spikes are developed. To put them at once into a room with a temperature of, say $70^{\circ}$, would cause them to flower prematurely.

## Marshall's Special Exhibition Hyacinths.

These rarieties are specially adapted to produce Exhibition flowers. For general list see next page.

Enchantress. Delicate porcelain blue, splendid compact truss, one of the best light blues.
Grand Blanche. Blush white, producing perfeet flowers.
Grand Maitre. Deep sky blue, very large compact spike; grand flower.
Jacques. Very light pink, broad loose spike, extra long truss.
King of the Blues. Rich dark blue, splendid well finished truss.
Lady Derby. Delicate pink, the most popular pink variety. Splendid flower.

La Grandesse. Splendid pure white, big bells, forming a large, compact and perfect truss.
La Victoire. Briliant dark pink, immense splendidly shaped truss. A grand variety.
Lord Macauley. Bright rose carmine, white centre; a splendid flower.
Menelik. Almost black, the best dark blue variety.
Perle Brilliant. Light blue, one of the largest spikes.
Roi des Belges. Bright scarlet, upright well filled flower. .

Any of the above Exhibition varieties. Each 25 cts. Dozen $\$ 2.50$.

## Marshall's Matchless Hyacinths

The varieties enumerated below have been selected for their distinct coloring and freefiowering qualities, and are all selected first-size bulbs, specially suited for growing in pots or glasses or for high-grade bedding.

## Single Red, Rose and Pink.

Garibaldi. Brilliant crimson; large truss; early. Gen. Pelissier. Deep purplish crimson, early. Gertrude. Bright, rosy red; large compact spike; very popular.
Gigantea. Delicate shade of blush-pink; large truss.
Moreno. Lovely blush-pink; large truss.
Norma. Fine waxy pink; early; very distinct. Robert Steiger. Deep crimson; compact spike. Roi des Belges. Dark scarlet; very fine flower. Rosea Maxima. Delicate pink.

## Single White and Blush.

Baroness van Thuyll. Pure white; very broad truss.
Grand Blanche. Blush-white; loose and graceful flower.
La Franchise. Bells, large and waxy white.
La Grandesse. Pure white; very large spikes and bells.
L'Innocence. A pure white, handsome flower. One of the best.

## Single Blue, Purple and Violet.

Czar Peter. Light azure blue; large spike and bells.
Enchantress. Delicate porcelain-blue.
Grand Maitre. Dark porcelain-blue; extra large truss.
King of the Blues. Deep purplish blue; fine close spike.
Mansfield. Ruby violet, splendid truss.
Marie. Rich, dark blue; very fine spike.
Potgeiter. Extra fine, light blue; large bells.
Queen of the Blues. Beautiful azure-blue; large bells; handsome truss.


Single Hyacinth.

## Single Yellow.

Day light. Orange-yellow.
MacMahon. Pure Yellow.

All Named Hyacinths on this page 12c. each, $\$ 1.25$ per dozen, $\$ 10.00$ per 100. If ordered by mail, add 20c. per dozen for postage.


## Hyacinth Glasses

## Hyacinths can easily be grown in water, and it is rather a novelty to grow them in this way. <br> We offer the following two kinds of glasses to be used for this purpose. <br> Tall Shape. In various colors. 18c. each; $\$ 1.80$ per dozen. <br> Tye Shape. In various colors. 20c. each; $\$ 2.00$ per dozen.

## Marshall's French Roman Hyacinths

## (Ready for Delivery in August.)

The flowers are delightfully fragrant, and each bulb will throw up from three to four spikes. For forcing, three or four bulbs are generally planted in a pot. The pots must be kept in a cool and dark place until they fill with roots, when the flower-spikes can be rapidly developed by exposure to light and moderate heat. They are very easily grown and extremely early; and, by making successive plantings, they may be had in flower all through the Winter.


## Hyacinths Bedding and Forcing

These bulbs have been specially selected in Holland for us and are equally suited for either bedding or forcing. They will all throw large uniform spikes of flowers, and cannot fail to give universal satisfaction.

OUTDOOR CULTURE.-The bulbs may be planted any time from October to Decemberthe earlier the better. They succeed in any good, well-drained garden soil. Set the bulbs so that the tops will be 3 or 4 inches below the surface and 6 to 10 inches apart. Before very severe weather comes on, cover the beds with straw, leaves or manure, to protect them from the frost, but care should be taken that this covering is not too thick, as the bulbs are as likely to be injured by being kept too warm as by freezing; this should be removed in March, or when danger from hard frost is past.

## Single Varieties.

|  | Each | Doz. | 100 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Mixed Rose and Pink . . . | $\$ 0.05$ | $\$ 0.50$ | $\$ 3.50$ |
| Mixed Red Shades . . . . | .05 | .50 | 3.50 |
| Pure White ......... | .05 | .50 | 3.50 |
| Mixed White Shades .... | .05 | .50 | 3.50 |
| Mixed Blue, Light Shades | .05 | .50 | 3.50 |
| Mixed Blue, Dark Shades | .05 | .50 | 3.50 |
| Mixed Yellow ......... | .05 | .50 | 3.50 |
| Mixed All Colors . . . . . | .05 | .50 | 3.50 |

## Double Varieties.

| Mixed Rose and Pink | Each <br> $\$ 0.05$ | Doz. $\$ 0.50$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ \$ 3.75 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mixed Red Shades | . 05 | . 50 | 3.75 |
| Pure White | . 05 | . 50 | 3.75 |
| Mixed White Shades | . 05 | . 50 | 3.75 |
| Mixed Blue, Light Shades | . 05 | . 50 | 3.75 |
| Mixed Blue, Dark Shades | . 05 | . 50 | 3.75 |
| Mixed Yellow | . 05 | . 50 | 3.75 |
| Mixed All Colors | . 05 | . 50 | 3.75 |

## Italian Hyacinths

The flowers are single, very graceful and fragrant, and produce abundantly.

|  | Each | Doz. | 100 |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Single White Italian..... | $\$ 0.05$ | $\$ 0.50$ | $\$ 3.50$ |  |
| Single Yellow | $\ldots . . . .$. | .10 | 1.00 | 6.00 |

## Tulips

Tulips for bedding are the most popular and effective of all hardy bulbous plants. In our descriptions we give the color and average height to which they grow. For pot culture and forcing for Winter cut flowers, they are invaluable.

The cultural directions given for Hyacinths on page 1 are equally applicable to Tulips, except that the bulbs, being smaller, must not be planted quite so deep. Four inches to the bottom of the bulb is deep enough, and a distance of 5 to 6 inches between the bulbs is sufficient. They may be planted in October and November, before the ground freezes. For pot culture, a compost of two parts loam to one part light manure, with some sand intermixed, is suitable. From three to five bulbs, according to size, in a 5 -inch pot, are very effective. The pots should be buried until the bulbs are well rooted in the manner recommended for Hyacinths.

## Duc Van Thol Tulips.

The Duc van Thols are the earliest of all the Tulips. They are of dwarf habit, and well adapted for forcing and for pot culture. They bloom outdoors before the early single Tulips.

|  | . | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Red. Bordered with yello | \$0.25 | \$1.50 |
| Scarlet. Fieddish scarlet | . 30 | 2.00 |
| Rose | . 30 | 2.0 |
| Yellow. Citron-yellow | . 30 | 2.00 |
| White. Clear satiny whit | . 25 | 1.5 |



## Marshall's Special Exhibition Single Tulips.

The following collection are specially selected bulbs for growing in pans for exhibition or cut flower purposes.


## Marshall's Single Early Tulips.

$A, B$ and $C$ indicate season of flowering. $A$ and $B$ may be planted to flower about the same time in the open ground; C flowers later. The figures indicate average height in inches.

| Artus. Bright scarlet; fine bedder. B, | $\begin{gathered} \text { Each } \\ \$ 0.03 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Doz. } \\ \$ 0.25 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ \$ 1.50 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1000 \\ \$ 12.00 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Belle Alliance. Brilliant, deep scarlet. A, | . 05 | . 35 | 2.50 | 22.50 |
| Canary Bird. Rich golden yellow; fine for forcing. A, | . 03 | . 25 | 1.50 | 12.00 |
| Chrysolora. Pure yellow; large flower; splendid bedder. A, | . 03 | . 25 | 1.50 | 12.00 |
| Cottage Boy. Bronze yellow, with orange, very showy bedder; a sport from Cottage Maid. B, 8 . | . 05 | . 30 | 2.00 | 18.00 |
| Cottage Maid. Rose, shaded with white. B, | . 03 | . 20 | 1.25 | 10.00 |
| Couleur Cardinal. Rich crimson; large and beautiful. C, 7 | . 05 | . 35 | 2.75 | 25.00 |
| Crimson Brilliant. Scarlet-crimson; an early forcer. C, | . 05 | . 30 | 1.75 | 15.00 |
| Duchesse de Parma. Orange-red, margined with yellow. B, 8 | . 03 | . 25 | 1.50 | 12.00 |
| Flamingo. A beautiful large cup-formed flower-a sport from White Hawk. B, 9 . | . 10 | 75 | 5.00 | 40.00 |
| Joost van Vondel. Cherry-red and white. B, | . 05 | . 35 | 2.50 | 22.00 |
| Joost van Vondel. Pure white. B, 8 | . 05 | . 45 | 3.25 | 30.00 |
| Keizerkroon. Crimson-scarlet, bordered with clear yellow. B, | . 05 | . 25 | 1.75 | 14.00 |
| Lady Boreel. The largest white. B, | . 05 | . 40 | 3.25 | 30.00 |
| La Reine. White, lightly shaded with rose. A, 7 | . 03 | . 25 | 1.50 | 9.00 |
| Le Matelas. The earliest pink variety. Splendid bright pink edged with blush. B, 9 . | . 05 | . 60 | 4.00 | 35.00 |
| Mon Tresor. Large; pure yellow; early forcer. B, | . 05 | . 30 | 1.75 | 15.00 |
| Pink Beauty. Rosy pink, slightly shaded white. Fine for bedding. B, 10 | . 05 | . 60 | 4.50 | 40.00 |
| Pottebakker, Scarlet. Bright scarlet; large. B, 8 | . 05 | . 35 | 2.00 | 18.00 |
| Pottebakker, White. Pure white; large and showy. A, | . 05 | . 30 | 2.00 | 18.00 |
| Pottebakker, Yellow. Fine, pure yellow variety. A, | . 03 | . 25 | 1.50 | 13.00 |
| Proserpine. Salmon rose-pink; very fine form; good forcer. B, | . 05 | . 40 | 3.25 | 30.00 |
| Rosamundi Huikman. Rose and white. B, | . 03 | . 25 | 1.50 | 12.00 |
| Rose Grisdelin. Dark rose and white. C, | . 03 | . 25 | 1.50 | 12.00 |
| Rose Luisante. Deep rose; beautiful, large flower. C, | . 05 | . 45 | 3.25 | 30.00 |
| Vermilion Brilliant. Vermilion-scarlet; forcing or bedding. B, | . 05 | . 35 | 2.75 | 25.00 |
| White Hawk. Large; pure white; fine for forcing. A, | . 05 | . 35 | 2.25 | 20.00 |
| Yellow Prince. Bright yellow; sweet-scented. B, 8 | . 03 | . 25 | 1.25 | 10.00 |
| Superfine Mixture. Brightest colors; largest flowering varieties | . 02 | . 20 | 1.00 | 9.00 |
| Separate Colors. Red, white, pink, or yellow. | . 03 | . 25 | 1.50 | 12.50 |

## Marshall's Special Exhibition Darwin Tulips

The following collection are specially selected bulbs for growing in pans for exhibition or cut Howers.

| Baron de la Tonnaye. Vivid pink. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Doz. } \\ \$ 0.60 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ \$ 4.00 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Clara Butt. Delicate salmon pink | . 80 | 6.00 |
| Francombe Sanders. Brilliant dark rosy red, with a clear white center | 1.00 | 7.50 |
| Madame Krelage. Purplish rose with margined blush pink..... | . 70 | 5.00 |
| Mrs. Stanley. Large purplish rose with bright blue center......... | . 70 | 5.00 |
| Philippe de Commines. Velvety dark violet. The best dark variety | . 70 | 5.00 |
| Pride of Haarlem. Brilliant rosy carmine | . 70 | 5.00 |
| Psyche. Very soft salmon-rose. A beautiful variety | 1.40 | 10.00 |
| Rev. Ewbank. Vivid heliotrope lilac | 1.00 | 7.50 |
| Sophrosine. Flesh colored rose bordered silvery white......... | 2.25 | 15.00 |
| White Queen. (La Candeur.) The best white | . 70 | 5.00 |
| William Pitt. Brilliant carmine. | . 70 | 5.00 |



## Darwin Tulips (May-Flowering).

The finest class of late flowering Tulips in existence. Flowers are brilliant, self colored, borne on strong stems, many of them 2 feet high. The colors surpass in brilliancy anything hitherto known in Tulips, and are of almost every conceivable color.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Clara Butt. Globular flower, salmon-colored, with basal coloring of rose and external flushing of pink. | 5 | . 50 | 3.50 | 32.00 |
| Dream. Soft delicate lilac; large flo | . 05 | . 40 | 2.50 | 23.00 |
| Europe. Very brilliant rosy-red, with showy white cen | . 05 | . 50 | 3.50 | 32.00 |
| Gretchen (Margaret). Delicate flesh color, cup-shaped flo | . 05 | . 30 | 2.00 | 18.00 |
| Glow. Vermillion, with blue center. | . 05 | . 50 | 3.00 | 28.00 |
| Harry Veitch. Brilliant brownish red, on long st | . 05 | . 40 | 2.50 | 23.00 |
| Mad. Krelage. A grand and chastely colored tulip; soft rosy pink, with paler margins; very tall and shapely. | . 05 | . 50 | 3.00 | 28.00 |
| Painted Lady. French-gray cup, flushed heliotrope when first open. | . 05 | . 50 | 3.00 | 28.00 |
| Pride of Haarlem. Brilliant rosy-carmine. Very large flowers | . 05 | . 50 | 3.00 | 28.00 |
| The Sultan (Joseph Israels). Velvety black | . 05 | . 30 | 2.00 | 18.00 |
| William Pitt. Carmine, very showy | . 05 | . 50 | 3.00 | 28.00 |
| Finest Mixed Darwins. All colo | , | . 30 | 2.00 | 18.00 |

## DEPTH AT WHICH BULBS SHOULD BE PLANTED.

Many of our customers are frequently puzzled to know the proper depth and distance apart at which bulbs should be planted. The accompanying diagram, reproduced from Popular Gardening, conveys the information much more clearly and briefly than we could describe it. The chart will bear careful study. Outdoor planting should be done early in the fall to secure healthy plants, vigorous foliage and beautiful flowers.


## Marshall's Exhibition Cottage Tulips.

The following varieties are specially selected bulbs for growing in pans for exhibition or cut flowers.

|  | Each | Doz | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dorris. Purplish-rose with blush edges shading to rose | \$0.05 | \$0.60 | \$4.00 |
| Elegans. Brilliant carmine, with long stems | . 05 | . 50 | 3.50 |
| Fairy Queen. Rosy-heliotrope, with a broad yellow margin | . 05 | . 40 | 3.00 |
| Gesneriana Lutea. Golden yellow | . 05 | . 40 | 3.00 |
| Glare of the Garden. A dazzling scarlet, long stems | . 15 | 1.20 | 9.00 |
| Inglescombe Pink (Salmon Queen). Salmon rose | . 05 | . 50 | 3.50 |
| La Candeur. White changing to rose | . 05 | . 40 | 3.00 |
| Moonlight. A soft and pleasing yello | . 20 | 1.75 | 12.00 |
| Orange King. Bright orange-scarlet. | . 20 | 1.60 | 12.00 |
| Royal White. Pure white with primrose on the center of petals | . 10 | . 80 | 6.00 |
| The Fawn. Delicate light greyish-rose, changing to rosy-white | . 10 | . 80 | 6.00 |
| York and Lancaster. Large carmine-rose, shaded creamy white | . 05 | . 40 | 3.00 |

## Cottage Garden and May-Flowering Tulips.

These flower in May; usually they are in full bloom about Memorial Day. They are very showy and contain colors not found in any other class of Tulips. They are valuable for cut flower use, both to the amateur and florist. They are also in demand for bedding and for planting in clumps in borders of hardy perennials.

|  | Doz | 100 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bybloems. White grounds, striped or marked with purple, lilac or black... |  | \$1. | \$13.00 |
| Bouton d'Or (Ida). The only late pure deep yellow; very beautiful; fine for |  |  |  |
| Gesneriana. Dazzling scarlet, black center; effective in beds; fine fo cutting | . 30 | 1.7 | 16.00 |
| Gesneriana yellow. An immense globe-shaped rich yellow Tulip of unusually fine outline |  |  |  |
| Golden Crown. Deep yellow, edged red; fine for cutting | . 2 | 1.50 | 13.00 |
| Golden Eagle. Deep yellow, with narrow, orange-red frin | . 25 | 1.50 | 13.00 |
| Isabella (Blushing Bride). Rose and white; fine late sort | . 25 | 1.50 | 13.00 |
| Parisian White. White changing | . 30 | 2.00 | 18.00 |
| Picotee (Maiden's Blush). White, marg | . 25 | 1.7 | 15.00 |
|  |  |  |  |



Parrot Tulip.

## Parrot Tulips.

The petals of these have feathered edges, and, in addition to other colors, combine shades of green - a peculiarity confined to this class. The flowers are very singular and picturesque, of large size and brilliant color, and form very effective groups for the flower border.
Very late in flowering.
Admiral of Constantinople. Glossy scarlet, shaded and tipped orange $\$ 0.25 \quad \$ 1.75 \quad \$ 14.00$
Feu Brilliant (Cramoisie Brilliant). Dazzling crimson
$\begin{array}{lll}.25 & 1.75 & 14.00\end{array}$
Lutea Major. Yellow, striped crimson and green ....................
$\begin{array}{lll}.25 & 1.75 & 14.00\end{array}$
Markgraaf. Golden inside; feathered brilliant scarlet purple and green outside .............................
Perfecta. Yellow, scarlet, green...
Finest Mixed. A combination of all sort

| .30 | 2.00 | 17.00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

$.25 \quad 1.50$
14.00

## PLANTING TABLE FOR BEDS OF BULBS.

A circular bed 6 ft . in diameter with bulbs 6 inches apart, requires 110 bulbs; 5 inches apart requires 160 bulbs; 4 inches apart requires 300 bulbs.

## Marshall's Exhibition Double Tulips.

The following varieties are specially selected bulbs for growing in pans for exhibition or cut flowers.

|  | Each | Doz. | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Couronne d'Or (Crown of Gold). Golden yellow with orange | \$0.05 | \$0.60 | \$4.00 |
| El Toreador. Redish orange with yellow border. | . 10 | 1.00 | 7.5 |
| Golden King. Canary yellow. A grand novelty. | . 25 | 2.50 | 16.0 |
| Lac van Haarlem. A unique shade of rosy-violet | . 15 | 1.40 | 10.0 |
| Lucretia. Deep pink, very large flowers | . 10 | . 70 | 5.0 |
| Queen of Netherlands. A large white flower flushed rose | . 10 | . 70 | 5.0 |
| Salvator Rose. Dark pink............................... | . 10 | . 70 | 5.0 |
| Schoonoord. The best double white Tulip | . 10 | 1.00 | 7.5 |
| Tearose. Soft saffran yellow | . 15 | 1.25 | 9.0 |
| Vuurbaak. Brilliant scarlet, well shaped flowers | . 05 | . 60 | 4.0 |

## Double Tulips.

While not equal to the single in brilliancy, double varieties last much longer in bloom. The early varieties, such as Murillo, Imperator, Rubrorum, and the Tournesols, are excellent for forcing. The latter sorts will not bear forcing, but are very effective in beds or borders. A combination or solid bed of the pure white and bright scacrlet varieties, La Candeur and Rex Rubrorum, is especially effective.


Doz. $100 \quad 1000$

## Chinese Sacred Narcissus.

## (Joss Flower, or Flower of the Gods)

These may be grown in pots of earth, and very satisfactorily in bowls, partially filled with pebbles and water. As the roots develop, they form a network about the pebbles, thus supporting the plant when in bloom. They should be started in the dark for ten to fourteen days, and then grown in bright light, but carefully protected from draughts. The flowers are mostly white, with yellow cups and are very fragrant.

Extra large selected bulbs, each 10c.; 3 for 25c.; dozen \$1.00.

If ordered by mail, add 5 c. per bulb for postage.
One Bulb, Glass Bowl and Pebbles complete, 25c.
Three Bulbs, Glass Bowl and Pebbles, 40c.
Japanese Bowls, each 25 c ., 35 c . and 45 c . Set of 3 for $\$ 1.00$.
Pebbles for filling Lily bowls, 10 c. per quart.


## Narcissus

The very beautiful species and varieties of Narcissus are among the most popular and largely grown of spring-flowering bulbs, and that deservedly, too. Their exquisite grace, beauty and charm of habit have been immortalized in the poetry of all times. No garden should be without them.

They are all of the easiest cultivation, thriving in almost any soil and situation, and they may be left alone for several years after once being planted. They do best, however, in a deep and somewhat stiff soil, and in a partially shaded position. They are well adapted for planting by the sides of streams, or lakes, or ponds, and in mixed flower or shrubbery borders. They are also suitable for naturalizing in the grass, by the side of woodland walks or in open spaces between trees and shrubs. With the exception of the Polyanthus section, they are all perfectly hardy.

Narcissus are also very suitable for growing in pots, requiring about the same treatment as hyacinths, with 3 or 4 bulbs in a 5 -inch pot. Some of the varieties are grown in large numbers by florists for winter cut-flowers.


Narcissus, Single Von Sion.

## Marshall's <br> Exhibition Collection of Large Trumpet Narcissus.

We have selected the following as being the best varieties for growing in pans for exhibition purposes. The bulbs we offer are all extra large size.

| Alida. Trumpet and perianth soft canary yellow | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Each } \\ & \$ 0.35 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Doz. } \\ \$ 3.50 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ \$ 25.00 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cornelia. The improved Emperor, an enormous flower | . 30 | 3.00 | 20.00 |
| Emperor. Large golden yellow trumpet, primrose perianth | . 10 | . 60 | 4.50 |
| Excelsior. Fine dark yellow | . 10 | . 60 | 4.00 |
| Glory of Leiden. Trumpet full yellow, perianth soft yellow | . 30 | 3.00 | 20.00 |
| J. B. M. Cramm. Fine shape, white perianth, yellow trumpet | . 10 | . 70 | 5.00 |
| Madame Plemp. Pure white perianth, golden yellow trumpet | . 10 | . 60 | 4.50 |
| J. H. Krelage. A greatly improved Princeps............. | . 10 | . 80 | 6.00 |
| Madame de Graaff. An elegant flower, white. | . 30 | 3.00 | 20.00 |
| Victoria. Creamy white perianth, rich yellow fluted trumpet | . 10 | . 60 | 4.50 |
| Willy Barr. Perianth soft yellow, trumpet bright yellow | . 25 | 2.25 | 15.00 |

## Marshall's Exhibition Collection of Medium or Short Trumpet Narcissus.

The following are the best vaireties and extra large bulbs for growing in pans for exhibition purposes.

|  | Each <br> $\$ 0.05$ | $\$ 0.35$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ \$ 2.25 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C. J. Backhouse. Yellow perianth, long orange scarlet cup | 10 | . 60 | 4.50 |
| Cristata. Petals light yellow, cup yellow; fluted and crested | 25 | 2.25 | 15.00 |
| Dorothy E. Wemyss. Large white perianth, canary yellow cup, scarlet; handsome flower | . 15 | 1.25 | 9.00 |
| Flora Wilson. White perianth, cup yellow, edged orange scar | . 10 | . 80 | 6.00 |
| Katherine Spurrell. Broad sulphur-white perianth, canary-yellow beautiful flower | . 10 | . 75 | 5.50 |
| M. M. de Graaff. Longe white perianth, orange-rose cup | . 05 | . 35 | 2.25 |
| King Edward. An improved Poeticus Ornatus | . 10 | . 60 | 4.5 |
| Princess Mary. Creamy white, cup well expanded | . 10 | . 60 | 4.00 |
| Red Star. Perianth creamy white, cup stained red | . 20 | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| Sir Watkin. Perianth sulphur, crown yellow, tinged bright or | . 10 | . 60 | 4.50 |
| White Lady. Broad white perianth, cup shaded soft lemon | , 30 | 3.00 | 20.0 |

## Double Narcissus, or Daffodils.

Albus plenus odoratus. Snow-white, gardeniaflowered Daffodil. Each 3c.; doz. 25c.; 100 \$1.50; 1000 \$12.00.
Incomparabilis (Butter-and-Eggs). Rich lemonyellow. Each 3c.; doz. 30c.; 100 \$1.75; 1000 \$15.00.
Orange Phoenix (Eggs-and-Bacon). White, with orange center; excellent for pot culture. Each 5c.; doz. 30c.; 100 \$2.00; 1000 \$15.00.
Sulphur Phoenix (Codlins and Cream). Large pure white flowers. The largest and finest of the double varieties. Each 5c.; doz. 35c.; 100 \$2.50; $1000 \$ 20.00$.
Von Sion (the "Old-fashioned Double Daffodils''). Flowers deep golden yellow; very decorative; excellent for cutting, and most extensively used by florists for cut-flowers. Perfectly hardy and the right thing for the garden.
Single-Nosed Bulbs. Extra large size. Each $5 \mathrm{c} . ;$ doz. 35 c .; $100 \$ 2.50 ; 1000 \$ 23.00$.
Double-Nosed Bulbs. Mammoth size. Each 5c.; doz. 50 c.; $100 \$ 3.50 ; 1000 \$ 33.00$.


Narcissus, Sir Watkin.

# Single Narcissus, or Daffodils. 

|  | Each | Doz. | 100 | 1000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Barrii Conspicuus. Sulphur perianth, broad cup marked with scarle | . 05 | \$0.30 | \$1.75 | \$15.00 |
| Bicolor Empress. White perianth, yellow trumpet. An excellent forcer | . 05 | . 40 | 3.00 | 28.00 |
| Bicolor Victoria. Creamy white perianth, yellow trumpet | . 05 | . 40 | 3.00 | 25.00 |
| Emperor. Flowers of great size and substance; yellow trumpet | . 05 | . 40 | 3.00 | 28.00 |
| Glory of Leyden. New. Immense trumpet and perianth deep yell | . 20 | 2.00 | 14.00 |  |
| Golden Spur. One of the grandest Daffodils; extra large, rich yellow flowers. Early, free-flowering. |  |  |  |  |
| Selected first size bulbs <br> Double Nose bulbs. | . 05 | . 3.5 | $\frac{2.75}{3.75}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25.00 \\ & 35.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| Incomparabilis, Cynosure. Bright orange cup, white perianth | . 05 | . 25 | 1.25 | 10.00 |
| Incomparabilis, Sir Watkin. Golden crown, with primrose perianth, Double nosed bulbs | . 05 | . 35 | 3.00 | 27.00 |
| King Edward VII. The very largest form of Poet's, an exquisite flower of elegance | . 10 | . 50 | 4.00 | 35.00 |
| Leedsii. Pure white, star-shaped, sweet-scented | . 05 | . 25 | 1.25 | 10.00 |
| Stella. White, star-shaped flowers; bright yellow cups | . 03 | . 25 | 1.25 | 10.00 |
| Poeticus (Pheasant's Eye). Pure white, with red cup; very fragrant; fine for cutting | . 03 | . 20 | 1.00 | 8.00 |
| Poeticus Ornatus. Same color as Poeticus but the flowers are larger | . 05 | . 25 | 1.25 | 10.00 |
| Princeps. Sulphur-yellow perianth and deep yellow trumpet | . 05 | . 25 | 1.50 | 12.00 |
| Trumpet Major. Trumpet and perianth golden yellow. Very exten sively used for bedding or forcing. | . 05 | . 30 | 2.25 | 20.00 |
| Trumpet Major. French grown. First size bulbs; very early fo forcing |  | . 30 | 2.25 | 22.00 |
| Mixed Single. All sorts. | . 03 | . 25 | 1.50 | 12.00 |

If ordered by mail, add 5c. per dozen for postage.

## Jonquils

A class related to the Narcissus, and suitable alike for pot culture or planting out. The culture required is the same as for Hyacinths.

|  | Doz | 100 | 1000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Large Single Campernelle. Yellow, large flowers | \$0.20 | \$1.00 | \$9.00 |
| Odorus Regulosus. Deep golden yellow; very frag | . 20 | 1.00 | 9.00 |
| Single Sweet-scented. Rich, yellow, fragrant | . 15 | . 85 | 7.50 |
| Double, Sweet-scented. Rich yellow; fine. | . 30 | 2.00 | 18.00 |

## Polyanthus Narcissus.

Beautiful, free-flowering, deliciously sweetscented flowers, of the easiest culture; suitable for forcing or for growing in water in the same way as the Chinese Sacred Narcissus. They bear tall spikes of bloom, with from six to twenty flowers each. Bulbs planted in the open border in October and November stand the Winter with protection.
Grand Monarque. White, with pale yellow cup; very large flower. Each 5c.; doz. 40c.; 100 $\$ 3.00 ; 1000 \$ 25.00$.
Grand Soleil d'Or. Yellow, with orange cup; very free-flowering. Each 5c.; doz. 40c.; 100 $\$ 3.00 ; 1000 \$ 25.00$.
Paper White Grandiflora. The best Narcissus for growing in water. The flowers are large, attractive in color, and intensely fragrant. Place them in a shallow dish of water, with gravel or small stones at the bottom. Fine for pot culture, and largely grown by florists for cut flowers.
Large bulbs. Doz. 30c.; $100 \$ 2.00 ; 1000 \$ 16.00$.
Mammoth bulbs. Doz. 40c.; 100 \$2.25; 1000 $\$ 20.00$.
Pebbles for above. Qt., 10c.; 4 qts. 35c.
Mixed Polyanthus Narcissus. Each 5c.; doz. 40c.; 100 \$2.50; $1000 \$ 20.00$.
If Polyanthus Narcissus are ordered by mail, add 10c. per dozen for postage.

## Crocus

## (For Pots and Borders)



Narcissus, Paper White Grandifiora.

The bulbs should be set 3 inches deep, and be planted in October or early in November to insure success. The Crocus can also be grown indoors either in pots or bulb pans in loam, or in dishes filled with wet moss, in which the bulbs are set closely, half an inch below the surface.

## Hybrid Named Crocus.

These are composed of all the best and most beautiful varieties and are remarkable for richness of color and the immense size of their flowers.


Mixed Crocus.

Albion. Fine striped.
Baron von Brunow. Dark purple.
Cloth of Gold. Golden yellow, striped brown.
David Rizzio. Purple.
Golden Yellow.
King of the Blues. Very large.
King of the Whites. Pure white.
Mont Blanc. Finest of all the whites.
Non Plus Ultra. Blue, white-bordered.
Sir Walter Scott. Variegated.
Price: Dozen 15c.; $100 \$ 1.00 ; 1000 \$ 8.00$.

## Mixtures of Crocuses.

Large-flowered White.
Large-flowered Blue and Purple.
Large-flowered, Striped and Variegated.
Large-flowered Golden Yellow.
Mixture of all Colors.
Price: Dozen 10c.; 100 60c.; $1000 \$ 5.00$.

## ALLIUM NEAPOLITANCM.

Fine for pot culture or garden decoration. They are of the easiest culture. Pure white, with green stamens, borne in large, loose umbels; height 15 to 18 inches. 5 for 10 c .; dozen 20c.; $100 \$ 1.00 ; 1000 \$ 7.50$.

## AMARYLLIS.

(Ready in October)
A maguificent and interesting plant for pot culture, producing showy flowers that are very attractive and handsome. They should be grown in rich, sandy loam, with good drainage, and require abundant moisture when growing, but at their season of rest water should be given sparingly.
Belladonna Major. Large violet and white. Each 25c.; dozen $\$ 2.50$.
Formosissima (Jacobean Lily). Brilliant scarlet. Each 15 c .; dozen $\$ 1.50$.
Johnsonii (Spice Lily). Crimson, striped with white. Each 35c.; dozen $\$ 3.50$.
Longifolia rosea. Rose, Hardy. Each 25̌c.; dozen $\$ 2.50$.
Longifolia alba. White. Hardy. Each 25c.; dozen $\$ 2.50$.
Vittata. Hybrids mixed. Each 50c.; doz. \$5.00.


Amaryllis, Vittata.

## ANEMONES.

These are perfectly hardy roots, producing flowers of various hues and much beauty.


## CALLA LILIES.

Well known plant, of easy culture; the only


Calla Lily, White.
particular attention it requires is constant water. ing, and as warm a room as can be conveniently given it.
Devoniensis. The New Gorfrey Calla. This is the finest variety ever sent out. It gives three blooms to one of the ordinary Calla, is snow white and perfect in form; blooms on very small plants, though it attains a very large size. Plants from $21 / 2$ in. pots. Doz. $\$ 3.00$; 100 \$20.00.
Black. The plant produces a large, dark purple flower and green underneath. The leaves are a rich green color. Large bulbs. Each 15c.; doz. $\$ 1.50$.
Little Gem. Very neat, dwarf habit; makes an excellent pot plant. Each 10 c .; doz. $\$ 1.00$.
Spotted Leaf (Richardia alba maculata). Dark green foliage, beautifully spotted with white. Each 10c.; doz. \$1.00.
White (Richardia Aethiopica). The White Calla, or Lily of the Nile, is a well-known plant of easy culture, and in Winter is one of our best window plants. Good roots. Each 15 c. ; doz. $\$ 1.50$. Extra large roots, each $20 c_{.}$; doz. $\$ 2.00$.
Yellow, Elliottiana. The finest yellow Calla; large, rich, deep golden flowers. often 4 to $\bar{\jmath}$ inches across at the mouth; habit of growth and foliage like the old favorite White Calla, excepting the leaves of Elliottiana are spotted with white. Each 30c.; doz. $\$ 3.00$.

## CHIONODOXA.

(Glory of the Snow)
Most charming Spring-flowering bulbs. They produce flower-spikes bearing ten to fifteen Scilla-like flowers. They are perfectly hardy, and will thrive in any good garden soil. Fine for pot culture for Winter blooming.
Luciliae. Bright blue, clear white center. Dozen 25c.; 100 \$1.25.
Sardensis. Very deep blue. Dozen 25c.; 100 \$1.25.

## CROWN IMPERIAL.

Stately growing plants for outdoor culture, with dark green foliage and flowers of various shades of yellow and crimson. Mixed colors. Each 15c.; dozen $\$ 1.50$.

## CYCLAMEN.

## (Ready in November)

Among the many charming plants which grace the greenhouse and sitting-room during the Spring and Winter months, few, if any, are so pretty and accommodating as the Cyclamen. The simplicity of its culture brings it within the reach of even those who can command no better accommodation than a sitting-room window.
Album. Purest white. Each 15c.; doz. \$1.50. Roseum. Soft pink. Each 15c.; doz. $\$ 1.50$.
Rubrum. Dark crimson. Each 15c.; doz. $\$ 1.50$. Finest Mixed. Each 10c.; doz. \$1.00.

## Dielytra Spectabilis.

## (Bleeding Heart)

A well-known hardy plant, bearing in Spring long racemes of deep rose-pink, pendent flowers. Each 15c.; dozen $\$ 1.50$.

## ERYTHRONIUM.

## (Dog's Tooth Violet)

Perfectly hardy; variegated foliage; flowers are large, varying in color from white to deep purple.
Mired Colors. Dozen 50c.; $100 \$ 3.00$.


## COLCHICUM.

## (Autumn-flowering Crocus)

Very effective and handsome, hardy plants, the flowers of which come through the ground without leaves in the Fall, the leaves appearing the following Spring.
Autumnale fl. pl. (Meadow Saffron). Each 10c.; dozen $\$ 1.00 ; 100 \$ 8.00$.
Autumnale, Mixed. All colors. Each 10c.; dozen 50c.; 100 \$4.00.


Cyclamen Persicum Gigantum.

## FREESIA.

This is one of the most beautiful of all Cape bulbs, possessing a peculiar grace of form, and its fragrance is most delightful, one pot of five or six bulbs being sufficient to perfume a whole house. As cut flowers, they are extremely valuable; the unexpanded blooms, opening in water, fill the air with the most delicate perfume, and their endurance is really remarkable.
Purity. A magnificent, snowy white of very large size and great length of stem. A truss bearing from eight to ten buds, of which six are often open at one time. First Size, each $5 \mathrm{c} . ;$ doz. 40 c .; $100 \$ 2.50$. Mammoth Bulbs, each 5 c .; doz. 50 c .; $100 \$ 3.50$.
Snow-White. A distinct type, producing large sprays of purest snowwhite flowers of immense size and deliciously fragrant; it is very free-blooming and of great value for forcing for cut flowers. Doz. 30c.; $100 \$ 2.00 ; 1000 \$ 17.50$.
Refracta alba. Pure white. One of the most popular and charming bulbs for pot culture, flowering in the Winter in the conservatory or window-garden. They force very easily, and can be had in bloom by Christmas if started in pots in the month of September. Plant half a dozen bulbs in a 4 -inch pot, in good rich soil, water well, and keep them at a temperature of 60 degrees.

| Jumbo Bulbs | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Each } \\ & \$ 0.05 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Doz, } \\ \$ 0.40 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ \$ 2.50 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1000 \\ \$ 20.00 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mammoth Bulbs | . 05 | . 30 | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| First Size Bulbs | . 03 | . 20 | 1.25 | 10.00 |

## GLADIOLUS COLVILLEI.

## (Ready in November.)

Early-flowering and fine for pot culture. They will last in water for weeks after being cut, and, as the flowers are smaller than Autumn-flowering sorts, they make up well for bouquets. They are hardier than most of the Gladioli, but will not stand severe Winters without covering.


GLOXINIAS.
These are desirable summer-flowering plants for both greenhouse and window.

| Colestinum. Blue | Each \$0.15 | Doz. $\$ 1.50$ | 100 $\$ 10.00$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Defiance. Bright crimson | 15 | 1.50 |  |
| Kaiser Frederick. Scarlet, white margin | . 15 | 1.50 | 10.00 |
| Kaiser William. Blue, white border | . 15 | 1.50 | 10.00 |
| Mount Blanc. Snow white | . 15 | 1.50 | 10.00 |
| Tigridia. Spotted | . 15 | 1.50 | 10.00 |
| Large-Flowering. All colors, mixed | . 10 | 1.00 | 8.00 |

## GRAPE HYACINTHS.

Adapted for permanent beds and edgings and partly shaded situations; they should be massed together to produce effect. Perfectly hardy. Flower-spikes about 6 inches high, with small, round bells, resembling a bunch of grapes.



## Iris

The flowers of this family are the richest and most varied in color of any hardy garden plant, and for cut flowers are invaluable. They have been aptly named the "Orchid of the flower garden.'

## ENGLISH IRIS.

## (Iris Anglica.)

Large, handsome flowers, with rich purple, blue and lilac colors predominating. Perfectiy hardy. Blanche Fleur. White, blush tinted.
Bleu Celeste. Pale blue.
De Lemartin. White, with large rose blotches.
Johanna. White, spotted light blue.
Julius. Large dark blue.
King of Blues. Dark blue.
La Grandesse. White, spotted violet.
Maria Cornelia. Light blue.
Mont Blanc. Pure white.
Mr. Stanley. White, spotted red.
The above named varieties, doz. 50c.; $100 \$ 3.00$.
Mixed Varieties. Each 5c.; doz. 30c.; $100 \$ 1.50$.

## SPANISH IRIS.

(Iris Hispanica.)
These are extremely early and produce fragrant Orchid-like flowers of rich and beautiful colors, including pure white, yellow, bronze, blue, and purple. They are excellent for forcing, either in pans or in boxes for cutting.
Belle Chinoise. Golden yellow.
Blanche Superbe. Pure white.
Bronze King. Very dark bronze.
Chrysolora. Canary-yellow.
Louise. Very delicate light blue.
King of the Blues. Dark blue.
The above named varieties, doz. 20c.; 100 \$1.10.
Superfine Mixed. Doz. $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 10075 \mathrm{c} . ; 1000 \$ 5.00$.


English Iris.

## J A PAN IRIS.

The Japan Iris is perfectly hardy, and flowers in great profusion in July and August. We offer a collection of named varieties.

Named Varieties. Strong roots. Each 25c.; dozen \$2.50; 100 \$20.00.
Mixed Varieties. Strong roots. Each 15c.; dozen \$1.00; 100 \$10.00.

## GERMAN IRIS.

This variety is the true "Fleur-de-Lis," the national flower of France. They are perfectly hardy, thrive anywhere. Mixed rarieties. Each 5c.; dozen 30c.; $100 \$ 2.00$.

## IXIAS.

Very desirable for pots or for the open ground. If planted out, they require covering during the Winter.

| Alba Mutabilis. Rose changing to wh | Doz. | 100 $\$ 1.00$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Crateroides Major. Beautiful brilliant scarlet | . 30 | 2.00 |
| Hercules. White and lilac, rosy eye. | . 20 | 1.00 |
| Praestans. Deep purple | . 20 | 1.00 |
| William the Conqueror. Creamy white with purple center | . 20 | 1.00 |
| Wonder. Beautiful double pink.................. | . 20 | 1.50 |
| Fine Mixed. All colors. | . 20 | 1.00 |



Lily of the Valley.

## LILY OF THE VALLEY.

(Ready in November.)

For forcing, the pips are to be preferred, being grown under conditions tending to promote vigorous and early blooming. Twelve to eighteen pips may be planted in a 6 -in. pot, with all the fibrous roots carefully preserved, and keeping the crowns above the soil. Place them in a temperature of about 80 degrees, cover the crowns with loose moss, and keep them constantly moist with tepid water.

Marshall's Matchless Dresden Pips. The earliest, largest and best for forcing. Extra strong pips with long roots producing flowers with 15 to 20 bells and fine foliage. Per $100 \$ 2.50 ; 1000 \$ 22.00$.
Best Berlin Pips. Finest selected pips for forcing. Doz. 30c.; $100 \$ 2.00 ; 1000 \$ 18.00$.
Hamburg. Strongest pips for late Winter and Spring forcing. Doz. 25c.; 100 \$1.75; 1000 $\$ 15.00$.
Large Dutch Clumps. Each contains many flowering pips; best for planting in the open ground. Each 25 c.; doz. $\$ 2.50 ; 100 \$ 20.00$.
Cold Storage Berlin Pips. For forcing at all seasons. $100 \$ 2.25 ; 1000 \$ 20.00$.
Cold Storage Dresden Pips. $100 \$ 3.00 ; 1000$ $\$ 25.00$.

## Lilies

The Lily is a favorite flower everywhere. Lilium candidum does best when planted in August or September. This variety is valuable for forcing, and is used extensively for this purpose. The method is to plant the bulbs in 6 -inch pots, barely covering them with soil, then plunge them in the garden in a warm, sheltered place, and let them remain there until the pots are well filled with roots, after which they may be removed to the house or conservatory, where they will flower in eight or ten weeks. In forcing L. Harrisii or L. longiflorum, plant them in 6 -inch pots half filled wih rich soil, sink the bulbs, leaving just the tips exposed. After the bulb has thrown its stem above the top of the pot, fill the pot with rich soil.

## LILIUM CANDIDUM.

## (Ascension or Madonna Lily.)

This is the old-fashioned garden Lily. The many snow-white flowers borne on a stem 3 to 4 feet high make this Lily most effective. Very large bulbs, ready for delivery in September. First Size Bulbs. Each 15c.; dozen $\$ 1.50 ; 100 \$ 8.00$.
Mammoth Bulbs. Each 20c.; dozen $\$ 2.50 ; 100 \$ 10.00$.

## LILIUM HARRISII.

The Bermuda Easter Lily is perhaps the finest and most popular of Winter-blooming plants. The large, handsome, pure white trumpet-shaped flowers are very sweet-seented and of great substance, and last a long time after cutting. Its stately and graceful habit renders it a perfect pot plant for table or Winter decorations.
First Size Bulbs. 7 to 9 inches in circumference. Each 25c.; dozen $\$ 2.50 ; 100 \$ 15.00$.
Mammoth Bulbs. 9 to 11 inches in circumference. Each 50 c.; dozen $\$ 4.00 ; 100 \$ 30.00$.

## Lilies

## LILIUM FORMOSUM.

A new type from the Island of Formosa. Pure white flowers, larger than those of L. Harrisii.
First Size Bulbs. 7 to 9 inches in circumference. Each 15 c.; dozen $\$ 1.50 ; 100 \$ 12.00$.
Mammoth Bulbs. 9 to 10 inches in circumfererence. Each 20c.; dozen $\$ 2.50 ; 100 \$ 20.00$.

## LILIUM GIGANTEUM.

This variety flowers somewhat later than Multiflorum, but the flowers are of larger size, of great substance and perfect form.
First Size Bulbs. 7 to 9 inches in circumference. Each 15c.; doz. \$1.50; $100 \$ 12.00$. Mammoth Bulbs. 9 to 10 inches in circumference. Each 20c.; doz. $\$ 2.00 ; 100 \$ 18.00$.

## LILIUM LONGIFLORUM MULTIFLORUM.

The well-known, snow-white, fragrant Lily; fine for forcing and handsome in the garden. First Size Bulbs. 7 to 9 inches in circumference. Each 15c.; doz. \$1.50; 100 \$8.00. Mammoth Bulbs. 9 to 10 inches in circumference. Each 20c.; doz. \$2.00; $100 \$ 14.00$.


Lilium Formosum.

## HARDY LILIES.

## For Outdoor Planting, or Growing in Pots. (Ready in November.)

When grown in the border or open ground, they should remain undisturbed for years, frequent removals reing injurious. In the Autumn, a covering of leaves, coarse manure or boughs will prove highly beneficial. Plant at least 6 inches diep.


Lilium Auratum.

Auratum (Golden-banded Lily of Japan). This variety grows on a strong stem, 4 to 5 feet high, from six to twelve immense blooms which measure nearly a foot when expanded. The flowers are white, with a broad yellow stripe through the centre of each petal and freely spotted crimson. Their fragrance is delicious. Extra large bulbs, 9 to 11 inches, each 20 c .; dozen $\$ 2.00 ; 100 \$ 15.00$. Mammoth size bulbs, 11 to 13 inches, each 30 c .; doz. $\$ 3.00 ; 100 \$ 22.00$.
Batemani. Apricot color, tinted flowers. Each 25c.; dozen $\$ 2.50$.
Canadense Rubrum. Bright crimson, with dark spots. Each 15 c .; dozen $\$ 1.50$.
Elegans. These vary in color from yellow to orange crimson, usually with black spots. Each 15c.; dozen $\$ 1.25$.
Elegans robustum. Large flowers of a deep orange color, spotted with dark crimson. Very vigorous. Each 15c.; dozen $\$ 1.50$.
Hansoni (Golden Martagon). Large, waxy flowers of a rich, golden yellow, spotted with crimsonmaroon. Of easy cultivation. Each 75 c .; dozen $\$ 7.50$.
Henryi. One of the handsomest and most interesting Lilies ever introduced. Rich, deep orange-yellow flowers, marked with a few scattered brown spots. Attains a height of 8 feet. Very fine variety for general uise. Each $\$ 1.00$; dozen $\$ 10.00$.
Pardelinum. Scarlet shading to yellow, spotted maroon, 3 feet. Each 20c.; dozen $\$ 1.50$.
Speciosum album. Beautiful white flowers of large size; 2 to 4 feet high. One of the handsomest and easiest grown Lilies. 8 to 9 -inch bulbs each 20 c . dozen $\$ 2.00 ; 100 \$ 14.00$. 9 to 11 -inch bulbs each 30c.; dozen $\$ 3.00 ; 100$ \$20.00.
Speciosum Rubrum Magnificum. White and spotted rose; 2 to 4 feet high. 8 to 9 -inch bulbs each 12c.; dozen $\$ 1.25 ; 100 \$ 8.00$. 9 to 11 -inch bulbs each 20 c .; dozen $\$ 2.00 ; 100 \$ 14.00$.
Speciosum Melpomene. Very dark crimson-spotted flowers. 8 to 9 -inch bulbs each 15c.; dozen $\$ 1.50$; 100 $\$ 10.00 .9$ to 11 -inch bulbs each 20 c.; dozen $\$ 2.00 ; 100 \$ 15.00$.
Superbum (Turk's Cap Lily). Deep orange-red, thickly spotted; 4 feet. Each 10c.; dozen $\$ 1.00$.
Tenuifolium (Siberian Coral Lily). Nodding, rich scarlet flower; $11 / 2$ feet. E'ach $20 c$.; dozen $\$ 2.00$.
Tenuifolium (Golden Gleam). Beautiful pure yellow. Each $\$ 1.00$; dozen $\$ 10.00$.
Tigrinum (Tiger Lily) Orange-salmon, spotted black. Each 10c.; dozen $\$ 1.00 ; 100 \$ 6.00$.
Tigrinum flore pleno (Double Tiger Lily). Bright orange-red, black spots. Each 10c.; dozen $\$ 1.00 ; 100 \$ 6.00$.

## OXALIS.

A class of small bulbs, producing vast quantities of flowers during the Autumn and Winter months; they are very desirable for planting in hanging baskets. They are easily grown in sandy soil, seven or eight bulbs in a 4 or 5 -in. pot. Keep in moderate temperature.
Buttercup. A splendid Winter-blooming plant for pot culture. The flowers are pure bright yellow, and produced in great abundance. It is very easily cultivated, and, being a strong grower, only one or two bulbs should be planted in a 5 -or 6 -inch pot. Dozen 35 c.; 100 \$1.75.
Deppei. Pure white, very fine. Dozen 10c.; 100 60c.
Deppei Rosea. Pink. Dozen 10c.; 100 60c.
Purpurea. Purple. Dozen 10c.; 10060 c .
Lasandria. Rosy pink, cut foliage. Doz. 10c.; 100 60c.


Oxalis, Buttercup.

Fine Mixed. All colors. Dozen 10c.; 100 50c.

## MONTBRETIAS.

## (Ready in November.)

Hardy Summer-flowering, bulbous plants that are becoming more popular every year. They should be planted in groups and left undisturbed.

|  | Dozen | 100 | 1000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bouquet Parfait. Vermilion with yellow | 0.30 | \$1.50 | \$12.00 |
| Crocosmiaefiora. Large, bright orange, tinged scarlet | . 30 | 1.50 | 12.00 |
| Drap d'Or. Orange-yellow | . 30 | 1.50 | 12.00 |
| Eldorado. Beautiful dark yellow |  |  | 12.00 |
| Etoile de Feu. Bright vermilion and scarlet; large flowers | . 30 | 1.50 | 12.00 |
| Gerbe d'Or. Golden yellow | . 30 | 1.50 | 12.00 |
| Pottsii. Orange and scarlet; very free flowering | . 30 | 1.50 | 12.00 |
|  | . 30 | 1.50 | 12.00 |

## ORNITHOGALUM ARABICUM.

## (Star of Bethlehem.)

Very desirable for pot culture in the window garden. The flowers are large, pure white, with black center, borne on a tall spike. In pots they should be treated in the same manner as the Hyacinth. Each 5c.; dozen 40c.; $100 \$ 3.00$.

## PEONIES.

## (Ready in October.)

The old-fashioned double Peonies are too well known to require description. Among hardy herbaceous perenials, the Chinese Peonies rank about first for lawn or flower border or shrubbery decoration.

|  | Each | Doz. | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| American Beauty. Rose color, fragrant | \$0.25 | \$2.50 | \$15.00 |
| Beau Brummel. Clear pink | . 25 | 2.50 | 16.00 |
| Cataline. Shell pink, medium size | . 25 | 2.50 | 15.00 |
| Comte de Goiner. Large double, deep red | . 25 | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| Caroline Mathieu. Fine light red. | . 25 | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| Festiva Alba. The popular pure white variety | . 30 | 3.00 | 20.00 |
| Grand Duchesse Anastasia. Very large rose pin | . 25 | 2.00 | 14.00 |
| James Odier. Nearly white.......... | . 25 | 2.50 | 16.00 |
| Prince of Wales. Soft pink, free bloomer | . 25 | 2.50 | 14.00 |
| Queen Mary. Double rose petals, light center | . 25 | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| Mixed Double Red shades. | . 15 | 1.50 | 10.00 |
| Mixed Double Pink shades. | . 15 | 1.50 | 10.00 |
| Mixed Double White shades. | . 15 | 1.50 | 10.00 |

## RANUNCULUS.

Gorgeous dwarf flowers, easily grown in pots for Winter blooming, or in cold-frames for Spring. Eight roots may be potted in a 6 -inch bulb-pan; they should be covered one inch. The colors include shades of white, yellow, crimson and purple, some being almost black. They are very effective for decoration, either as pot plants or cut.


## SCILLAS.

Extremely hardy, early-flowering bulbs, thriving in any situation and worthy of more general cultivation. The bulbs of Scilla Sibirica should be planted 3 inches deep.
Sibirica. Flowers bright blue, of compact growth, 5 to 6 inches high; beautiful in combination with Snowdrops or Crocuses; also excellent for forcing in pans. Extra large bulbs. Dozen 30c.; 100 \$1.75.
Bifolia. Blue. Dozen 35c.; 100 \$2.00.
Campanulata (Wood Hyacinth). Blue. Doz. 25c.; 100 \$1.50.
Alba. White. Dozen 35c.; $100 \$ 2.00$.
Rosea. Rose. Dozen 35c.; $100 \$ 2.00$.

## SNOWDROPS.

The charming Snowdrop is the first of all flowers to herald the approach of Spring. As the bulbs are small, they should be planted liberally.
Elwe's Giant Snowdrops. An exceedingly large and beautiful single variety; flowers snow-white, with emerald-green tube. Doz. 15 c .; $100 \$ 1.00 ; 1000 \$ 8.00$.


Snowdrop, Elwe's Giant.

Single. Pure white, graceful bells; early flowering. Dozen 15c.; $100 \$ 1.00 ; 1000 \$ 8.00$.
Double. Flowers perfectly double, pure white. Dozen 25c.; 100 \$1.75; 1000 \$15.00.

## SPARAXIS.

Excellent for pots or cold-frames and succeed well outside with protection in cold weather. Mixed Varieties. 2 for 5 c.; dozen 20c.; $100 \$ 1.00$.

SPIRAEA.



## (Ready in November.)

Splendid plants for forcing in the greenhouse or the conservatory, where they produce beautiful sprays of flowers during February and March; they are perfectly hardy, and, when planted outside, flower in June. The dark green foliage resembles some of our well-known Ferns.

Astilboides floribunda. Very large, pure white plumes, bronzed foliage ...................................
Gladstone. A much improved rariety, producing enormous spikes of pure white flowers in great profusion

Each Doz. 100
aponica. Elegant and graceful; large, feathery, pure white, sweetscented flowers .....................
Palmata. Rosy crimson; strong clumps .........................
Queen Alexandra. The color is a delightful soft pink; very freeflowering; growing as freely as the white types

## Strawberry Plants

Those marked (P.) have pistillate, or imperfect flowers, and must be planted near perfectflowering kinds, in order that the flowers may be fertilized. The varieties not so marked are bi-sexual, or perfect-flowering, and can be planted alone.
Auto. New. Immensely productive; large berries.
August Luther. Good size and very productive. Extra early.
Bederwood. One of the best earlies; large bright red, conical fruit.
Bismarck. Exceptionally strong pollenizer. Late.
Brandywine. Large, conical, glossy, crimson, firm and solid. Succeed in any soil. Midseason to late.
Bubach (P.) Large berry of dark color. Midseason.
Cardinal. Berries medium to large, uniform in shape and size; mid-season.
Chesapeake. Very large, of fine form and as late as Gandy.
Clyde. Very regular, bright scarlet berries; large and of excellent flavor; firm, and a good shipper. Plant remarkably healthy, vigorous and productive. Season early.
Commonwealth. New. Very large, fine flavored, juicy. Very late.
Excelsior. Very fine, stands frost well. Extra early.
Gandy. Large, bright glossy crimson fruit; finest flavor. Late.


Pot-Grown Strawberries.

Glen Mary. © Strong and healthy grower, bright crimson. Early.
Hunn. (P.) Largest variety grown. Dark crimson, fine flavor. Late.
Marshall. Large, dark crimson color, and of delicious flavor. Midseason.
New York. Very large, color dark red; first-class quality. Midseason.
Nick Ohmer. Fruit mammoth size; very productive. Midseason.
New Home. Bright red color, as large and late as Gandy.
Oom Paul. One of the largest berries; firm and productive.
President. (P.) Round, very productive, rich crimson. Midseason.
Pan-American. Autumn everbearing variety, the best of its class.
Scofield. Large, bright red. Rich, aromatic flavor. Early to late.
Senator Dunlap. A new variety, seemingly of much merit. Fruit is of good size, regular and attractive in form, deep red in color without and within, firm in substance and of excellent quality. Second early.
Silver Coin. Exquisite color, luscious flavor; very productive; plant vigorous. Midseason.
Success. Sweet, mild flavor; large, very early and bearing till Fall.
Uncle Jim. A very valuable midseason variety of large size and wonderful productiveness: bright red color and finest quality.
Wm. Belt. The berries are as large as Bubach, more uniform in shape, just as productive, and the color is perfect. Midseason to late.
Twentieth Century. (P.) Immense size, dark crimson, smooth surface. Midseason.
We can also furnish other varieties not named above, at regular prices.
Pot-grown plants, if planted in the Fall, will furnish a good crop of large, fine berries of the following season.
Pot-Grown Plants (ready about July 15th). $25 \$ 1.25 ; 50 \$ 2.00 ; 100 \$ 3.50$.
Layer Plants (ready about August 25th). Dozen 30c.; 50 75c.; 100 \$1.25.

## Celery Plants

We can supply the following varieties: Golden Self-Blanching, Fin de Siecle, White Plume, Perfection Heartwell, Giant Pascal and Golden Dwarf. Per 100 50c.; $1000 \$ 4.50$.

## Vegetable Plants



## Hardy Roses

## Hardy Hybrid Perpetual Roses.

The plants offered are exceptionally heavy, two-year-old stock, which will, under ordinary conditions, give a full crop of flowers this season; and, while their main crop is produced in June, they frequently produce fine flowers throughout summer and autumn.
Alfred Colomb. Bright crimson; splendid, robust grower.
Anna de Diesbach. Clear, bright carmine; very large, finely shaped; full and fragrant.
Baron Bonstettin. Dark crimson.
Baroness Rothschild. Superb rose, of rich satiny pink.
Captain Christy. Delicate rose.
Celine Forestier. Yellow.
Duke of Edinburgh. Bright carmine.
Frau Karl Druschki. Fine snow-white variety; vigorous grower and very hardy.
General Jacqueminot. Brilliant scarlet-crimson; superb flower.
Glorie de Dijon. Shaded salmon.
Hugh Dickson. Crimson, shaded scarlet.
John Hopper. Rose-crimson, fine center.
Mabel Morrison. Pure white; in autumn faintly blushed with pink.
Mme. Gabriel Luizet. Beautiful satiny pink.
Magna Charta. Bright pink, suffused with carmine; a beautiful Rose; strong, vigorous grower.
Margaret Dickson. The finest white hybrid.
Mrs. John Laing. Soft pink, of beautiful form; exceedingly fragrant and remarkably freeflowering.
Mrs. R. G. Sharman-Crawford. Deep rosy pink, outer petals shaded with pale flesh.
Paul Neyron. Dark rose; fine, extra large flower.
Perle des Blanches. White, pale center.
Ulrich Brunner. Bright, cerise-red; flowers large.
Extra strong, 2-year-old, field-grown plants, 25c. each; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen.

## Climbing Roses.

These are all varieties of established merit, perfectly hardy in the Northern states.
Baltimore Belle. Pale blush, variegated car-mine-rose and white; very double; flowers in beautiful clusters; one of the best climbing Roses.
Crimson Rambler. The well-known climbing cluster Rose. Pure crimson, vigorous grower.
Dorothy Perkins. Strong as Crimson Rambler; the flowers are borne in clusters; are double, sweetly scented and of a beautiful shell-pink.
Lady Gay (Wichuraiana). Cherry-pink, fading to soft white; very floriferous, and rapid grower.
Mme. Plantier. Nhite, large and full; very hardy.
White Rambler. Similar to Yellow Rambler, but having white flowers.
Yellow Rambler. Similar to Crimson Rambler, and perfectly hardy. Yellow trusses in great profusion.
Strong 2 -year-old plants, 25 cts . each;
$\$ 2.50$ per dozen.

## Hybrid Tea, or Everblooming Roses.

This selection will produce a mass of Roses to cut from the entire season. The plants have been grown with special care, and the varieties are the very best for out-door culture; invaluable either for display or cutting, and are hardy with protection.
Betty. Salmon shaded yellow.
Countess of Gosford. Salmon pink with safron yellow at base of petals.
Duchess of Albany. Deep rosy-pink.
Dean Hole. Carmine and salmon.
Edu. Meyer. Coppery yellow flowers, shaded red and orange; long and pointed buds; profuse bloomer.
Etoile de France. Fine velvety crimson flowers.
Farbenkönigin. Very free-flowering Mediumsized flowers of beautiful form; color clear red, shaded silvery golden.
Franz Deegen. Golden yellow.
Grace Darling. Creamy white, deeply flushed pink; free-flowering and distinct.
Gruss an Teplitz. For bedding, no Rose will compare with this. It is a perfect sheet of richest crimson-scarlet all summer.
Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. This is the finest and largest white Rose for summer-blooming.
Killarney. Bright, rich coral-pink; very fragrant. Graceful, long, pointed buds.
Lady Ashtown. The best bright pink.
Liberty. Flower is of large size, magnificent color-rich, velvety crimson.
Lyon-Rose. Coral red, shaded with yellow; very fragrant.
Mme. Abel Chatenay. A grand bedding Rose, elegant buds; color rosy carmine shaded salmon.
Mme. Caroline Testout. Clear, brilliant pink, without shading of any kind. A very vigorous grower.
Mme. Jules Grolez. The color is an attractive China rose, passing to clear, rich satiny pink.
Mme. Ravary. Beautiful orange yellow.
Maman Cochet. A magnificent pink Rose.
Maman Cochet White. White.
Eharisaer. Tender rosy flowers borne on long, strong stems.
Prince de Bulgarie. Silvery flesh-pink, shaded with salmon.
Richmond. Beautiful pure scarlet-red flowers on fine long stems; very free.
Souv. de la Malmaison. White and flesh.
Viscountess Folkestone. Soft rose-color, with dark center; very fragrant.
White Killarney. A grand Rose, surpassing its parent, Killarney, in every respect. Strong 2 -year-old plant, 30 cts. each; $\$ 3.00$ per dozen.

## Standard, or Tree Roses.

We can supply a number of varieties ou Rosa Rugosa stock.

75 cts. each; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.

# Marshall's Lawn Grass Seed 

MARSHALL'S SPECIAL LAWN GRANS MIXTURE.

Marshall's Special Lawn Grass Seed produces a perfect and enduring lawn of luxuriant richness, with closely interwoven, firm and elastic turf, and it is usually ready for cutting in six weeks from time of sowing. This Lawn Grass is composed of a combination of various fineleaved, deep-rooting grasses of interweaving habit, that flourish under our varied conditions, soils and climates, growing during different seasons of the year, so that a deep green, smooth and velvety sward, free from clumps, is maintained without burning brown in Summer.

Price: Per peck (5 lbs.), $\$ 1.75$; per bushel (20 lbs.), $\$ 6.00$.

## MARSHALL'S CENTRAL PARK LAWN GRASS.

Marshall's Central Park Lawn Grass will produce an even, dense growth of permanent sward as early in the season as it is possible to do. This mixture contains no annual grasses for making quick show to the detriment of a good lawn, but only those of lasting value and hardiness, which, when once established, need no reseeding for years. Our seed, which we know to be as pure as can be found anywhere, is of the best varieties, best suited for even and permanent growth; it is carefully cleaned and as free as it is possible to make it from foreign matter.

Price: Per quart, 25 c.; per peck, $\$ 1.30$; per bushel ( 20 lbs. ), $\$ 5.00$.

## MARSHALL'S FRENCH LAWN GRASS.

A thoroughly good mixture of Grasses made from the best varieties adapted for general lawn purposes. Per quart, 20c.; per peck, $\$ 1.10$; per bushel ( 15 lbs ), $\$ 4.00$.

## MIARSHALL'S SHADY PLACE LAWN GRASS.

Usually it is quite difficult to obtain a satisfactory growth of grass under trees and in shady places; for sowing in such places we recommend the use of this special mixture. It will quickly produce an abundant and even growth of beautiful green grass. The grasses used in making this special mixture are only those that are well adapted for growing in shade. It has been successfully used on some large operations where a green sward was desired on land partially shaded by old trees.

Price, per quart, 30 c. ; by mail, $40 \mathrm{c} . ; 4$ quarts, $\$ 1.00$; per peck ( 5 lbs ), $\$ 1.90$; per bushel (20 lbs.), \$7.00.

## PERMANENT GRASS MIXTURES FOR GOLF LINKS. MARSHALL'S FAIR GREEN MIXTURE.

This is composed mainly of perennial native grasses and two very important European grasses which have proven of great value for Fair-Green use. They are all of dwarf, spreading growth, forming a close velvety surface which improves from year to year if given proper care. Per bushel (20 lbs.), \$4.00.

## MARSHALL'S PUTIING-GREEN MIIXTURE.

The hardiest and finest low growing Grasses are contained in this Mixture. It produces a beautiful and lasting green turf calculated to withstand hard wear and tear. Per peck, $\$ 2.00$; per bushel ( 24 lbs ), $\$ 7.00$.

## GRASSES FOR PERIMANENT HAY CROPS AND PASTURES.

The result obtained from our Special Grass Seed mixtures are well known by the constantly increasing demand for them. Fall seeding is preferable, but spring sowing will be successful if done early, while the land is cool and moist. In addition to the Grasses, we advise. sowing 5 lbs. of Mixed Clover Seed per acre. Clover Seed should be sown separately as it is heavier than Grass Seeds and settles at the bottom when mixed with them, and in consequence is likely to be sown unevenly.

| IMIXIURES FOR | PERMANENT PASTURES FOR ONE ACRE. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FOR GOOD SOILS, COOL | FOR DRY SOILS. | FOR WET SOILS. |
| AND MOIST. | 40 lbs. per acre, $\$ 10.40$. | 40 lbs. per acre, $\$ 10.40$. |

FOR DRY SOILS.
40 lbs. per acre, $\$ 10.40$.

40 lbs. per acre, $\$ 10.40$.

## PERIMANENT MIIXTURES FOR HAY CROPS FOR ONE ACRE.

FOR GOOD SOILS, COOL AND MOIST.
40 lbs. per acre, $\$ 10.40$.

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## Hardy Perennial Flower Seeds

## FOR AUTUMN SOWING

Achelliea Ptarmica, double, "The Pearl"'
Pkt. ..... $\$ 0.15$
Aconitum Napellus
Aconitum pyramidatum .....  10
Adonis vernalis10
Alyssum saxatile compactum
Anemone coronaria. Single ..... 10
Aquilegia chrysantha
Aquilegia coerulea10
Aquilegia vulgaris, Single Mixed .....  05
Aquilegia vulgaris, Double Mixed .....  05
Arabis alpina ..... 10 ..... 10
Asperula odorata ..... 10
Auricula. Finest Mixed ..... 25
Aubrietia deltoidea ..... 10
Aubrietia Graeca ..... 10
Bocconia Japonica ..... 05
Calampelis scabra. Fine climber for trellises ..... 10
Callirhoe involucrata ..... 05
Campanula, Medium Single Mixed ..... 05
Campanula, Medium Double Mixed ..... 10
Campanula persicifolia grandi- flora, Blue ..... 25
Campanula persicifolia grandi- flora, alba ..... 25
Campanula pyramidalis, Blue. ..... 10
Campanula pyramidalis, White. . ..... 10
Candytuft sempervirens ..... 10
Candytuft Gibraltarica ..... 10
Cerastium tomentosum .....  25
Cowslip (Primula veris) ..... 10
Daisy, Double White ..... 10
Daisy, Double Red ..... 10
Daisy, Double Snowball
Daisy, Double Longfellow ..... 10 ..... 10
Daisy, Double Maxima,
large ..... 10
Daisy Shasta ..... 10
Delphinium hybridum. Double.. ..... 25
Delphinium azurium .....  10
Delphinium Chinese, Mixed ..... 10
Delphinium formosum ..... 10
Delphinium Zalil ..... 25
Delphinium Nudicaule ..... 2.
Dianthus Plumarius ..... 10
Dianthus Semperflorens ..... 20
Dianthus Hybridus ..... 10
Dictamnus Fraxinella ..... 10
Eryngium giganteum ..... 10
Erinus alpinus ..... 25
Eupatorium Fraseri ..... 10
Forget-me-not (Myosotis) - Alpestris, Blue ..... 0 .5
Dissitiflora ..... 10
Robusta grandiflora ..... 10
Victoria ..... 15
Palustris ..... 10
Foxglove, Mixed ..... 0.
Foxglove gloxinioides, White
Foxglove gloxinioides, Purple. ..... 10
Foxglove gloxinioides, Rose. ..... 10
Foxglove gloxinioides, Mixed ..... 05
Foxglove monstrosa, Splendid Mix. ..... 10
Gaillardia grandiflora maxima. . ..... 10
Gentiana acaulis ..... 10
Gunnera manicata ..... 25
Gypsophila praniculata ..... 10$\$ 0.30$ 503.00

Oz .<br>Oz .

Henchera sanguinea splendens. ... $\$ 0.1$
Hibiscus Moscheutos roseus .....
\$0.50Hollyhock, Double W'hite........ . . 10
Hollyhock, Double Rose ......... . 10 ..... 2.00
Hollyhock, Double Crimson ..... 2.00
Hollyhock, Double Maroon....... . 10 ..... 2.00
Hollyhock, Double Pink ..... 2.00
Hollyhock, Double Scarlet ..... 2.00
Hollyhock, Double Yellow ..... 2.00
Hollyhock, Double Mixed ..... 75 ..... 75
Hollyhock, Collection, 6 varieties. ..... 40
Hollyhock, Collection; 10 varieties ..... 60
Leontopodium alpinum .....  25
Incarvillea Delavayi .....  25
Inula Glandulosa .....  25
Lobelia Cardinalis. .....  25
Lobelia, Queen Victoria .....  25
Lupinus polyphyllus, Mixed per- ennial ..... 05
Lychnis Chalcedonica ..... 05
Lychnis Haageana hybrida .....  10
Nierembergia frutescens ..... 10
Pansy. Matchless Mixture ..... 8.00
Pansy. Superb Giant Mixtur .....  25 ..... อ. 00
Pansy. German Mixed
Pansy. Good Mixed ..... 1.50 .....  0
Pansy. Emperor William ..... 50
Pansy. Golden Queen
Pansy. Golden Yellow, with Dark Eye ..... 10Pazsy. King of the Blacks...... . 101.50
Pansy. Lord Beaconsfield .....  10
Pansy. Orchid-flowered Mixed. .....  25
Pansy. Fuby Red .....  10
Pansy. Snow Queen .....  10
Pansy. Striped .....  20
Pansy. White with Black Eye.. . 10 ..... 10
Pansy. Trimardeau, Mixed
25
Pentstemon. Marshall's Hybrids.
Pentstemon. Mixed. Large-flow- ered rarieties ..... 10
Phlox decussata, Mixed ..... 10
Platicodon grandiflorum ..... 10
Platicodion grandiflorum album ..... 10
Polyanthus, Finest ..... 10
Polyanthus, Gold-laced ..... 25
Poppy Orientale75
Poppy Orientale, Mixed Hybrids. ..... 75
Poppy nudicaule (Iceland Poppy) ..... 10
Poppy nudicaule album ..... 10
Poppy nudicaule Mixed ..... 1075
Poppy bracteatum
Primula Japonica ..... 10
Primula Forbesi ..... 25
Primula vulgaris (English Yellow Primrose ..... 10
Pyrethrum roseum hybridum- Double Mixed

## Poultry Supplies



## The RUSS Drinking Fountain

 This Fountain is the only kind made in this form-two sections-in earthenware. They can be easily cleaned; and, if frozen, can be refilled without trouble. They keep the water always fresh and cool. Each, 1 quart $25 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 / 2$ gallon 35 c. ; 1 gallon 50c.Crock's Drinking Fountain.


This stoneware fountain is nicely finished with black glazed ware. They are easily filled and never tip over or get out of order. One gall. size, $35 \mathrm{c} . ;$ half gall. size, 25 c .

## The Gem Drinking Fountain.



This fountain is made of the best galvanized iron, will not rust through, and will last a lifetime. Quick and easy to fill and convenient to carry, having a strong handle to carry by. Can be set on the floor or hung up on the wall.
One gallon size, 65 cts.

## Prairie State Drinking Fountain.

Made of galvanized iron in two pieces. 1 qt., 25c.; 2 qts., 35c.; 4 qts., 50c. each.

## Acme Sanitary Wall Drinking Fountains.

A distinct improvement over the old style, one piece hub fountain, in that it has a removable bottom and can be thoroughly cleaned.

Prices, $1 / 2$ gall. size, 50 cts.; 1 gall. size, 75 cts.


## Lightning Whitewash Sprayer and Force Pump.

Made with heavy galvanized iron. Furnished with brass tops and bottoms, three feet of heavy cloth lined hose, with one foot brass rod and brass nozzle. The pump can be used for spraying trees, as well as whitewashing. It will throw a continuous stream 30 feet high. Price, $\$ 2.75$.


## Grit and Shell Box.

Made of heavy galvanized iron, with three compartments, for grit, oyster shell and charcoal. It is provided with a cover or lid, which protects the contents. The box may be suspended on the wall of the poultry building by the handle.

Prices, small size 50c.; large size 75 c .

## Cups for Coops.

Made of heavy zinc. The cups are made to hang inside of exhibition coops or cages, and can ke used for birds or small pet animals. Prices, $1 / 2$ pint size, 15 c.; quart size, 40 c.

## Pilling French Poultry Killing Knife.

Every poultry raiser should have one of our Killing Knives. They are made of a finely tempered instrument steel, with nickel handle; will last a lifetime. Sent postpaid on receipt of 50 cents.

## Farmers' C'aponizing Set.

Price, complete, with instructions in velvet lined case, $\$ 3.00$
 per set prepaid. Gape Worm Extractor. Each 25 cents. Pilling Fowl Catcher. Each 20 cents. Pilling Duplex Poultry Marker. Gives you two markers for the price of one in two sizes. Each 25 cents.

## Grinding Mill.



This machine is one of the most necessary adjuncts to the poultry house. It will grind dry bones, shells or grain, either fine or coarse, and will last for years. It will make excellent grit out of old crockery, melted glass, etc. No. 1, without legs, $\$ 5.00$; No. 1, with legs, $\$ 7.00$.
Leg Bands, Climax. Made of Brass. 50 for 60 cents; 100 for $\$ 1.00$.
Leg Bands, Celluloid. Made in various colors. Perfectly sanitary. Per $100, \$ 1.00$.

## China Nest Eggs.

With these eggs there is no danger of getting stale eggs mixed with the fresh ones, nor of the hens breaking them and acquiring the habit of egg eating. 2 for 5 cents, 12 for 25 cents, $\$ 2.50$ per gross.

## Conkey's Poultry Remedies



## Cholera Remedy.

A reliable remedy for indigestion, sour erop, bowel trouble, and all ailments of the digestive organs. Price, 25 cents.

## Head Lice Ointment.

A valuable cure for lice on chicken heads; nonpoisonous. Price, 25 cents.

## Gape Remedy

A sure remedy for the deadly disease. It is guaranteed to give satisfaction. Given occasionally in the feed it will be found an excellent preventive. Price, 50 cents.

## Limber Neck Remedy.

This is a specific cure for this disease, which is caused by chicken eating decomposing animal matter. Price, 50 cents.

## Roup Remedy.

Guaranteed by its manufacturers to cure Roup in all its forms. It is simply put in drinking water and the chicken takes its own medicine. It prevents colds, and is unequaled for canker. Prices 50 cents and $\$ 1.00$.

## Scaly Leg Remedy

A combination wash and ointment that is a guaranteed cure for this disease. Price 50 cts.

## White Diarrhoea Remedy.

This is one of the greatest aids to the poultryman of any known remedy put out. Price, 50 cents.

## Poultry Tonic.

A remedy especially valuable for fowls run down, off feed, recovering from disease, or during moulting season. It is also excellent for little chicks which do not seem to thrive. It is a general invigorator, quickly bringing birds to a normal condition.

Price, 25 cents.


Rat Corn.


A safe and sure exterminator of Rats and Mice. This is not a poison and can be used without $f$ ear whe: other animals are around. No smell from the dead rats is detected, as the bodies dry up after death. Full directions with each package. Box, 25 cents.

## Lice Powder.

The strongest and most effective powder on the market, and is absolutely harmless to the fowls. It does not simply make the lice move, but it kills the lice the moment it is applied. It will kill lice on poultry, cattle, horses, fleas on dogs, and vermin of all kinds. 15 oz . pkg. 25c.; 48 oz. pkg. 50c.


## Lice Liquid.



There is no powder made that will entirely rid you of the Mite, and until you are rid of him he will multiply until every fowl you have is rendered useless or dies from exhaustion. It will immediately destroy these terrible pests, and will rid your poultry house of its greatest profit killer.
Prices, 1 qt. $35 \mathrm{c} . ; 2$ qts. 60c.; 1 gall. $\$ 1.00$.

## Conkey's Nox-I-Cide.

A soluble disinfectant, deodorant and germ destroyer. It mixes with water, one gallon making 101 gallons of ready-to-use liquid. For poultry, it is an unexcelled article for cleaning and purifying the houses, runs, brooders, founts, and utensils. Pint 35 cts.; gallon, $\$ 1.50$.

## Fly Knocker.



Fly Knocker is sprayed directly on the animals, or can be applied with a cloth. In both kills the flies and drives others away. It will rid your stables of flies and will give the tails a rest. It is positively harmless.

Prices, 1 qt. 35c.; 2 qts. 60c.; 1 gall. $\$ 1.00$; 5 galls. (jacketed) $\$ 4.00$.

## Laying Tonic.

This will increase egg production. It is not a food in itself and should be mixed with other foods as ilirected.

Prices. $1^{1}, 2$ lh. pkg. 25 cents; $3^{1 / 1}$ 1b. pkg. 50 cents.


## I N S ECTICIDES

APHINE. This liquid insecticide will kill plant lice of every species. Quart, \$1.00; gal., \$2.50.
ANT DESTROYER. A non-poisonous powder. Will destroy or drive away black ants. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. can, 40 c .; 1 lb . can, 75 c .
APHIS PUNK. The most convenient way of applying an insecticide ever yet devised. 60 e. per box of 12 rolls; case of 12 boxes, \$7.00.
ARSENATE OF LEAD. For spraying all kinds of trees. Kills the Rose bugs and Elm beetle. Dilute 1 lb . to 20 gals. water. Per lb., 25c.; 5 lbs., $\$ 1.00$; 25 lbs., $\$ 3.75$.
BORDEAUX MIXTURE. A reliable remedy for the prevention of fungus and fungoid diseases.

Liquid, qt. 40 c.; gal. $\$ 1.25$; 5 gals. $\$ 5.00$. Dry form, 1 lb . box, 20 c .
BUG DEATH. Is extensively used for cabbage and tomato worms, potato and cucumber bugs. 1 lb. pkg., 15 cts.; 3 lb . pkg., 35 cts.; 5 lb. pkg., 50 cts.; 12 $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. pkg., $\$ 1.00 ; 100 \mathrm{lb}$. pkg., $\$ 7.50$.
CATTLE COMFORT. Protects cattle, dogs, etc., from flies and other insects. Qt., 45 cts.; gal., \$1.25.
COPPER SOLUTION. For Mildew, Pear and Apple Scab, rust on Carnations and Violets. Gal., \$1.50.
CUT WORIM FOOD. For destroying cut worms. 1 lb. pkg., 25 cts.; 5 lbs., $\$ 1.00$.
FIR TREE OIL, For greenhouse and house plants. It destroys all plant insects without injuring the plants. Pt., 75 cts.; qt., $\$ 1.40$; $1 / 2$ gal., $\$ 2.50$; 1 gal., $\$ 4.50$.
FIR TREE OIL SOAP. Useful on greenhouse and garden plants, killing red spiders, mealy bugs, aphis, etc. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. tin, $25 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ 2 lbs., 75 cts.; 5 lbs., $\$ 1.75$.
FUNGINE. An infallible remedy for mildew and other fungus diseases. Gal., $\$ 2.00$.
GISHURST COMPOUND. An English preparation for greenfly, scale, mealy bug, red spider, etc. 1 lb . box, 50 cts.
GRAPE DUST. For the prevention of mildew on roses, grapes, gooseberries, etc. 5 lb . pkg., $35 \mathrm{c} . ; 100 \mathrm{lb}$. keg, \$6.00.
HELLEBORE POWDER. For rose slugs, currant worms, etc. Dust on with gun or bellows while the foliage is moist. $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} ., 15 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{lb} ., 25 \mathrm{c} . ; 5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.00$.
KEROSENE EMULSION. The best insecticide for general use on all plants, indoors or out. Qt., 40c.; gal., $\$ 1.25 ; 5$ gals., $\$ 4.50$.
LEMON OIL. For destroying mealy bugs, scale, thrip, red spider, etc. 1 pt., 40 c. ; qt., 75e.; 1/2 gal., $\$ 1.25$; 1 gal., $\$ 2.25$.
LIME SULPHUR SOLUTION. For spraying fruit trees. Gal., 60c.; 5 gals., $\$ 2.25$.
NICO FUME LIQUID. For spraying or fumigating. Does not stain or injure the blooms, and no disagreeable odor. $1 / 4 \mathrm{pt}$., 50c.; 1 pt., $\$ 1.50$; $1 / 2$ gal., $\$ 5.50$; 1 gal., $\$ 10.50$.
NICO FUME PAPER. Extra strong tobaceo paper for burning. 24 sheets, $75 \mathrm{c} . ; 144$ sheets, $\$ 3.50 ; 288$ sheets, $\$ 6.50$.

NIKOTEEN. A thorough exterminator of mealy bug, thrip, lice and all insects affecting plant life. $1 / 4$ pint, 40 c.; 1 pint, $\$ 1.50$.
NICOTICIDE. Fumigating compound. A certain destroyer of all greenhouse bugs. One pint sufficient for 32,000 cubic feet. \$2.50 each.
Fumigating Lamps for above. 60c. each.
PARIS GREEN. For potato bugs, etc. $1 / 4$ lb., 10c.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} ., 15 \mathrm{c}$.; $1 \mathrm{lb} ., 30 \mathrm{c}$.
SCALECIDE. For San Jose scale and spraying all kinds of trees. Can be prepared in an instant by adding one gallon of Scalecide to 15 or 20 gallons of water. 1 gal. can, $\$ 1.00 ; 5$ gals., $\$ 4.00 ; 10$ gals., $\$ 7.50$; 50 gals., $\$ 25.00$.
SCALE-SKIDOO. The never-failing insect icide; a sure destroyer of San Jose, oyster shell, cottony maple scale and all other sap-sucking insects. Directions: Dilute 1 part of Scale-Skidoo with 20 parts of water. Gal., $\$ 1.25$; 5 gals., $\$ 5.00 ; 10$ gals., $\$ 10.00$.
SLUG SHOT. Destroys all insects injurious to house and garden plants, vegetables and fruits of all kinds. 1 lb . cartons, $15 \mathrm{c} . ; 5$ lb. pkg., $30 \mathrm{c} . ; 10 \mathrm{lbs} ., 60 \mathrm{c} . ;$ keg of $125 \mathrm{lbs} .$, $\$ 7.50$.
SULPHO-TOBACCO SOAP. Non-injurious to plant life, exterminates moths, cockroaches, etc. 3 oz. cake, 10c.; 8 oz. cake, 20c.
SULPHUR, Powdered. A staple preventive for mildew on grapes, roses, etc. Lb., 10c.; $10 \mathrm{lbs} ., 60 \mathrm{c} . ; 25 \mathrm{lbs}$. and over, 5 c . per lb.
SULTAR INSECTICIDE. A valuable disinfectant and insecticide. Will remove green from greenhouse walks with one application and all insect life from benches, also useful for spraying chicken houses, dog kennels, etc. Per gal., \$3.00.
TOBACCO DUST. Destroys rose lice, cabbage and turnip fleas, etc. Lb., 10c.; 5 lbs., 35 c. ; $10 \mathrm{lbs.} ,60 \mathrm{c} . ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00$.
TOBACCO DUST FUMIGATING. Used for burning in place of stems. $10 \mathrm{lbs} ., 60 \mathrm{c} . ;$ 50 lbs., $\$ 2.00 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.50$.
TOBACCO DUST (Stoothoff's). The "Black Stuff', for dusting. 50 lb . bag, $\$ 2.25 ; 100$ lbs., \$4.00.
TOBACCO DUST (Stoothoff's). The Fumigating kind. 50 lb . bag, $\$ 2.25$; 100 lbs , \$4.00.
TOBACCO STEMS FOR FUMIGATING. Clean and free from rubbish. In bales of 100 lbs., $\$ 1.75$ each; 300 lbs., $\$ 4.50$.
WHALE-OIL SOAP. Kills insects and eggs on trees and plants. $1 \mathrm{lb} ., 15 \mathrm{c} . ; 3 \mathrm{lbs} ., 40 \mathrm{c}$.
WILSON'S PLANT OIL. For killing scales on palms and other plants. Pt. can, 40c.; qt. can, 75 c. ; gal., $\$ 2.00$.
WORM ERADICATOR. "Radix" for destroying worms in flower pots, lawns, tennis courts, etc. Dry form, 1 lb . box, 50 c .

Liquid form, 1 gal., $\$ 2.00 ; 10$ gals., $\$ 1.75$ per gal.
X. L. ALL LIQUID INSECTICIDE. For spraying. Harmless to very delicate plants; kills all insect pests. Qt., $\$ 1.00$; $1 / 2$ gal., \$1.75; 1 gal., \$3.50.

## Evergreen Brand FLOWER AND LAWN FERTILIZER

IS specially prepared for growing Flowers, Ferns, Palms, Shrubs, Grass, Garden Truck, etc.
It is a highly concentrated homogenous mixture, contains all the Food elements necessary to Plant and Grass growth and is compounded in proper proportion to get the best results.

Its recommendation is based upon careful, extended and disinterested experiments, showing that this material is a nourishing, easy-available food for crops.

It can be used on any kind of soil, for it is a combination of all plant foods, such as are taken from the ground by the crops mentioned, thus it provides digestible food for the roots when they require it, regardless of climate or character of soil.


Its composition consists of about half Animal matter and half Minerals, treated and refined, thus it is free from all deleterious substance and will not burn or injure the most delicate plant root, unless an extraordinary amount is applied.

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS
Per Oent
Nitrogen Available............... 8.00
Equal to Ammonia. . . . . . . . . . . . . 9.72
Phosphoric Acid Available....... 14.50 Equal to Available Bone Phos... 31.65 Potash $\left(\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. Equal to Potassium (K)............ 12.45

Contains no "filler." The plants can use it all. It is immediately available, and its effect upon most crops may be noticed within six days after its application.

## Roses and Other Flowering Plants

In the growing of roses and other herbaceous plants, of which the flowers constitute the crop, great care is usually taken in the preparation of the soil, and natural soils are seldom used. Not withstanding the richness of the prepared soil, the crops are greatly benefitted by the addition of Evergreen Brand Fertilizer, since it furnishes all the Plant Food elements in available forms and sfficient quantities to meet the needs of the plants.
In the next place, it should receive careful attention, because its right use permits not only an economical utilization by the plant but a control of the growth: it may be used in such a way as to change the natural tendency and thus improve it for specific uses; thus, in addition to the increase in yield which it causes, it enhances its market value.

Its uniform action seems to be to stimulate the capacity of the plant for absorbing water and developing foliage and stem growth, and to bring out numbers of new shoots, hence with roses and other flowering plants, the best results are secured when this fertilizer is applied during the early growing period. If applied late in the development of the plant, it has a tendency to protract its growing period and to delay the ripening of the flowers, as the energies of the plant are immediately concentrated upon developing its growth.

It prevents the onslaughts of plant diseases or insect pests.
It can be used Dry or in Solution, at any time during the growing season. One pound to the 100 square feet of benching has proved to be the most economical and judicious application.

EVERGREEN BRAND FERTILIZER IS ODORLESS and SANITARY

## Lawns

The fertilization of lawns is very important in a sense, because proper fertilizing obviates the necessity of the home manure, which, although excellent as sources of the constituents, are frequently offensive. The use of manure also involves considerable labor, both in the application and the consequent removal of the coarse part in the spring, besides resulting in the introduction of weed seeds.
In the preparation of the soil for a new lawn, it must be supplied with an abundance of all the necessary fertilizer ingredients (Evergreen Brand) previous to or after seeding. The after-fertilization may consist of top-dressings, one pound to the 100 square feet of ground, followed with a good sprinkling of water, at any time during the growing season, and without cultivation will be absorbed immediately by the soil and properly distributed by the capillary movements of soil water, hence it is invisible.

Its ready solubility permits of its free penetration into the lower layers which encourages a deeper root system, which results in greater resistance to the ravages of drought.
It is absolutely free from germs or disease breeding matter.

Its action is characterized by imparting to the grass a deep green, healthy and velvety appearance, and by causing it to grow rapidly.
It removes acid from the soil, thus sweetens sour land and makes it productive.

It permanently enriches the soil.
Its effect upon yellow grass spots or land, may be noticed within six days after its application, by the grass turning to a deep green color.
It is pulverized, clean_and easy to apply.

## Growing Market Garden Crops Under Glass

The use of stable manure as a source of greenhouse plant food has been the custom for so many years, that more effective forms of plant food make headway slowly, yet the stable manure has many disadvantages. It always contains more or less weed seed as well as disease germs, and it supplies its plant food in available form very irregularly. Also, by fermentation it materially influences the temperature of the seed bed, a temperature we have no means of regulating.

In the next place, the plant foods are none-available, hence for forcing it can not be safely relied upon.

For greenhouse work the Evergreen Brand Fertilizer should be used, if the highest marketable quality, rapidity of growth and early maturity, are to be attained.

Evergreen Brand Fertilizer is a magic for early crops. All garden crops that you want early, with a rapid and luscious growth, will get the proper nourishment from the Evergreen Brand Fertililizer, which is perfect plant food, ready for them on the instant.
This fertilizer is peculiarly adapted for broadcasting over the plants, after they have made a partial growth, since it is so completely soluble that but a slight amount of moisture is necessary in order to distrbute it throughout the soil, and because of its ready, availability it is used by the plant as soon as it comes in contact with roots. It is the only complete fertilizer that possesses both these characteristics, and is therefore to be particularly recommended for those crops which need an early and abundant supply of food.

## Application

Before or after seeding or before transplanting, broadcast one pound to the 100 square feet of ground. Similar applications may be applied at intervals of 2 to

3 weeks during the growing season when the foliage is dry, and followed with a sprinkling of water so as to wash the fertilizer into the soil.

## FERTILIZERS

## DAVIDGE'S BONE FERTILIZER FOR LAWNS AND GARDENS.

This manure is guaranteed to contain $n 0$ acid or chemicals. It will grow any horticultural or vegetable crop, and is a substitute without its disagreeable features. We can highly recommend it for the garden, lawn or greenhouse.

For plants use a 7 -inch pot to a large wheelbarrow of soil well mixed together. On land use 500 lbs . to the acre or 50 lbs . to 300 square feet of surface.

5 lbs., $25 \mathrm{c} . ; 10 \mathrm{lbs},. 40 \mathrm{c}$.; $25 \mathrm{lbs} ., 75 \mathrm{c} . ; 50 \mathrm{lbs},. \$ 1.25 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.00$; ton, $\$ 35.00$.

## BONE MEAL, Sterling Brand.

A pure, finely pulverized form of ground bone, especially prepared for rose culture, top dressing for lawns, potted plants, and garden purposes. Price, 5 lbs., $30 \mathrm{c} . ; 10 \mathrm{lbs} ., 50 \mathrm{c} . ; 100$ lbs., $\$ 2.75 ; 167 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.25$; ton, $\$ 40.00$.

## BONE DUST, Pure Bone Dust.

This bone is made from the best quality of bone and finely pulverized. It is absolutely pure and contains every ingredient without extraction. Price, 50 lbs., $\$ 1.75 ; 100$ lbs., $\$ 3.00$; 200 lbs., $\$ 5.50$; ton, $\$ 45.00$.

## BONE, CRUSHED.

A coarse grade, well adapted for grape vineborders. Price, $100 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.50$; ton, $\$ 60.00$.

## CLAY'S FERTILIZER.

This is one of the best manures for all horticultural purposes, either in greenhouse or garden. It is productive and lasting. $28 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.25 ; 56 \mathrm{lb} . \mathrm{bag}, \$ 4.00 ; 112 \mathrm{lb}$. bag, $\$ 7.00$.

## NITRATE OF SODA.

It is valuable for grain, corn, beets, potatoes, grasses, peas, beans, clover, etc. Being extremely soluble, it should not be applied until the plants are above ground, usiag 100 to 500 pounds per acre. $5 \mathrm{lbs} ., 35 \mathrm{c} . ; 10 \mathrm{lbs} ., 60 \mathrm{c} . ; 50 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.00$.

## PULVERIZED SHEEP MANURE.

A rich, pure and natural manure. Excellent as a top dressing for lawns, and mixing with the soil for greenhouse plants-one part manure and six parts soil. 5 lb . package, 25 c .; 10 lbs ., $50 \mathrm{c} . ; 50 \mathrm{lbs} .$, , $\$ 1.25$; 100 lbs., $\$ 2.00$; ton, $\$ 35.00$.

## THOMPSON'S CHRYSANTHEMUIM MANURE.

A special top dressing of unusual merit. 28 lbs., $\$ 4.50 ; 56 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 7.50 ; 112 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 14.00$.

## THOMPSON'S VINE AND PLANT MANURE.

A well-known English fertilizer. 56 lbs., $\$ 4.00 ; 112 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 7.00$.


PATENTED.

## "AUTO-SPRAY PUMP.

No other style of sprayer will do such a variety of work, and do it so well. We recommend it for trees, shrubs, and vines, greenhouses, poultry houses, hospitals, and stables for disinfectants, for sheep and cattle dip and cattle fly oils.

It may be used where any bucket or knapsack sprayer can be used, and with much more satisfaction. Eren those who have commercial orchards and large power sprayers, need the "Auto-Spray", No. 1 for small work.
No. 1 A. Brass Tank, with Stop-Cock. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 6.75$
No. 1 B. Brass Tank, with "Auto-Pop", (recommended)........... 7.75
No. 1 C. Galvanized Tank, with Stop-Cock.............................. 4.50
No. 1 D. Galvanized Tank, with "Auto-Pop" . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5.50
"Auto-Pop"' Nozzle ........................................................... . . . . . . 1.50
Extension Pipe, Brass, 2 ft. lengths, each................................. . . 50
MATS, FROST-PROOF, BURLAP.
These mats are $76 \times 76$ inches square, and made of strong Burlap Cloth, filled with wool. Each, $\$ 1.50$; per dozen, $\$ 16.00$.


WATERPROOF DUCK.
Filled same as above, with waterproof duck cotton cloth on one side. Size, $76 \times 76$ inches. Each, $\$ 2.00$; per dozen, $\$ 22.00$.

# MARSHALL'S 

## -BULBS

FALL 1912


[^0]:    5 lbs . Mixed Clover Seed sufficient for one acre, $\$ 1.25$.

